

ATTENTION ALL USERS PAGE (AAUP)

Pilots who are unable to participate will be afforded appropriate arrival services as operational conditions permit and must notify the controlling ATC facility as soon as practical, but at least 100 miles from destination.

ILS PRM Rwys 4R, 22L
ILS PRM Y Rwys 4L, 22R
ILS PRM (SA CAT I) Rwy 4R
ILS PRM (CAT II & III) Rwy 4R
RNAV (GPS) PRM Z Rwys 4R, 22L
RNAV (GPS) PRM Y Rwys 4L, 22R

Review procedure for executing a climbing and descending PRM breakout

Breakout phraseology: "TRAFFIC ALERT (call sign) TURN (left/right) IMMEDIATELY
HEADING (degrees) CLIMB/DESCEND AND MAINTAIN
(altitude)."

All breakouts: Hand flown, initiate immediately.

Descending on the glideslope/glidepath ensures compliance with any charted crossing restrictions.

Dual VHF Comm.: When assigned or planning a specific PRM approach, tune a second receiver to the PRM monitor frequency or, if silent, another active frequency (i.e., ATIS), set the volume, retune the PRM frequency if necessary, then deselect the audio. When directed by ATC, immediately switch to the tower frequency and select the second receiver audio to ON.

If later assigned the same runway, non-PRM approach, consider it briefed provided the same minimums are utilized. PRM related chart notes and PRM frequency no longer apply.

TCAS during breakout: Follow TCAS climb/descend if it differs from ATC, while executing the breakout turn.

Runway Specific

RWY 4L

- Exit the runway as soon as practical; whenever possible, do not stop on taxiway A.
- ILS PRM Y 4L and RNAV (GPS) PRM Y 4L approaches offset 2.5 degrees.

RWY 22R

- Exit the runway as soon as practical; whenever possible, do not stop on taxiway A.
- ILS PRM Y 22R and RNAV (GPS) PRM Y 22R approaches offset 2.5 degrees.